

1. What exactly is Microbit?

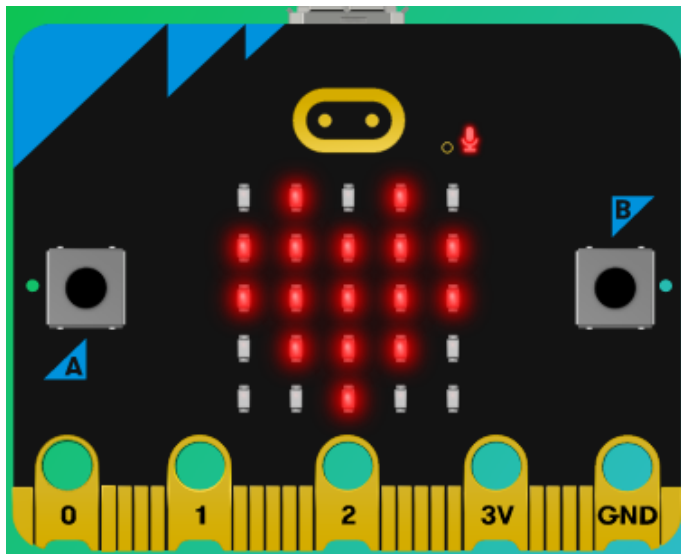
- A. It is a small portable board, which can be programmed by a compute.
- B. It is a little cell phone.
- C. It is a computer game!
- D. It is an electronic maze.



2. **Why** we should use Microbit as students?

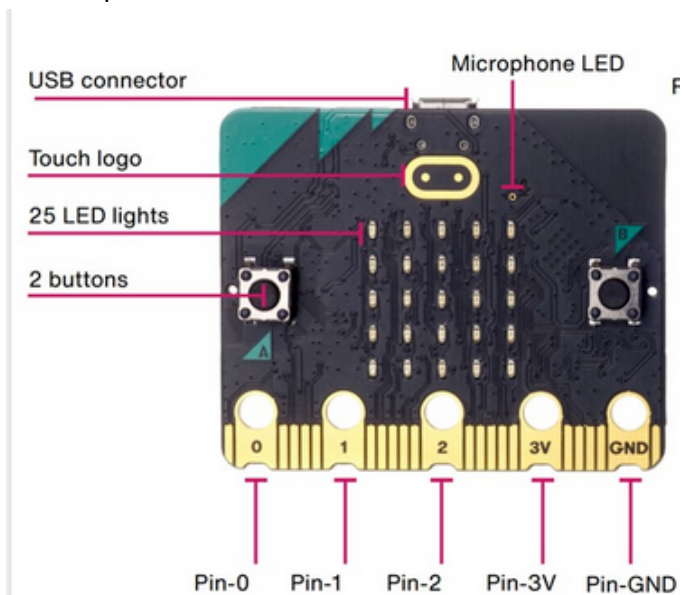
- A. Because it is the best electronic device that has ever been made.
- B. Because in that way we customize, control, and "bring to life" digital ideas and games.
- C. Because microbit is a robot with artificial intelligence.

3. Which are the labels of Large Pins in microbit? (General Pins Input Output)



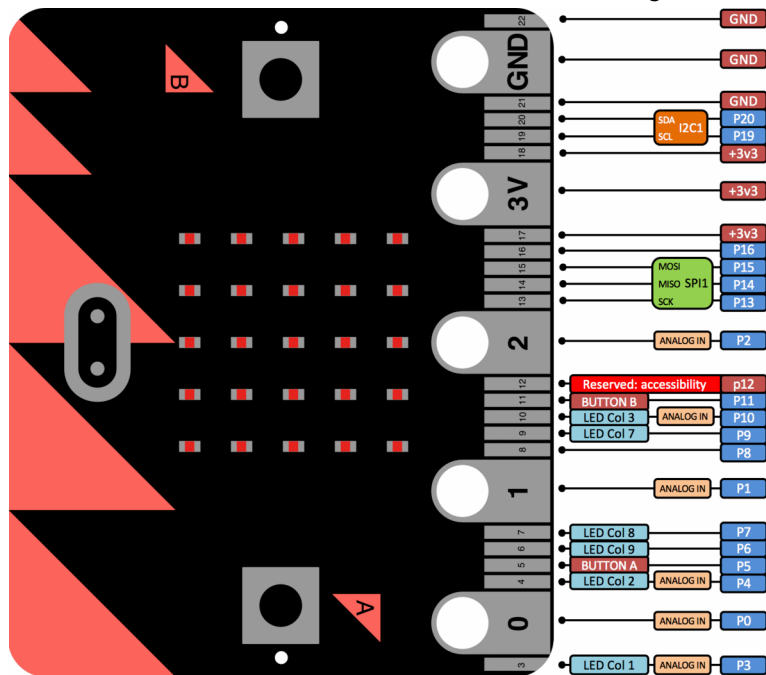
- A. The two large pins (labeled 3V and GND)
- B. Only the 2nd terminal (labeled 2) and 3rd terminal (labeled 3V)
- C. The terminal labeled 0 and the other large pin labeled GND
- D. The first three terminals, labeled 0, 1 and 2.

4. The power terminal labeled 3V can be used as an output or input? (with a voltage of 3V)



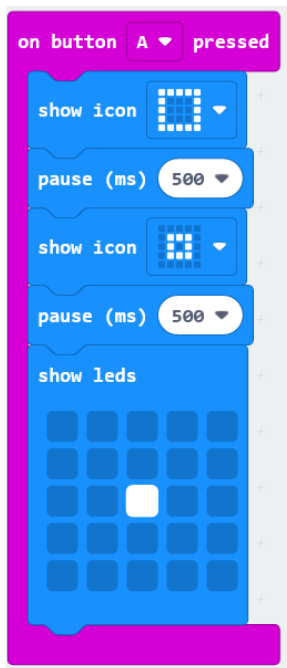
- A. As an output: If the micro:bit is powered by USB or battery, then you can use the 3V pin, you can use the 3V pin as a power output to power peripherals. to power peripherals.
- B. As ground: to complete a circuit
- C. As input: If the micro:bit is powered by USB or battery,
- D. As an output: If the micro:bit is NOT powered by USB or battery, then you can use the 3V pin, to power peripherals.

5. Which two terminals, must never be connect together?



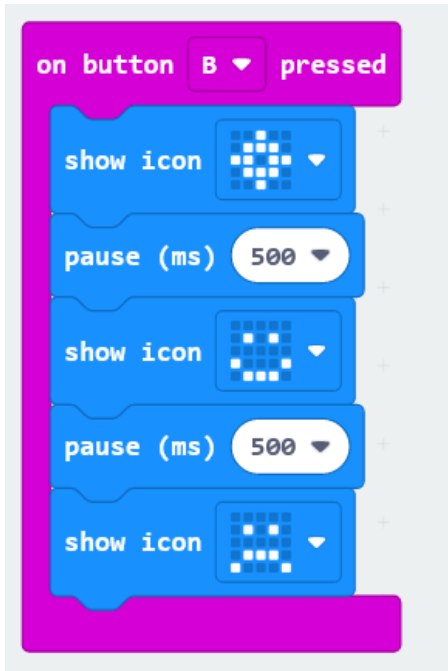
- A. The pins labeled 3V and GND are related to the board's power supply and should NEVER be connected together.
- B. The **Large PINs** should not never be connected with **Power Terminals**.
- C. You must not connect together terminals 0 and 3V
- D. The pins labeled 0 and 1 are the Large Pins, often called "general purpose input and output" and should never connect together.

6. Sequential structure Part 1: What appears on led screen if button A is pressed?



- A. Only a little dot appears at the middle of the screen
- B. Only a square appears at the corners of the screen
- C. A little square appears and disappears after 500ms
- D. A square appears, then a smaller square.. and finally a dot.

7. Sequential structure Part 2: What appears on led screen if button B is pressed?



- A. Only a rhombus appears on screen
- B. A little smile appears on screen
- C. A rhombus appears, then a smile and finally a sad face.
- D. A rhombus appears, then a smile appears after 3 seconds and finally a sad face,



8. When microbit plays C,D,E tone?

- A. When button A is pressed and light level is >100
- B. When button A is pressed and light level <100
- C. When button A is pressed and light level=100
- D. When button B is pressed

9. Look at the following code , regarding Pin 1

```

για πάντα
  εάν όταν πιέζεται ο ακροδέκτης P1 τότε
    αναπαραγωγή τόνος Χαμηλή Ντο για 1/2 κτύπος
    αναπαραγωγή τόνος Χαμηλή Μι για 1/2 κτύπος
  
```

- A. Microbit reproduces 2 musical notes, if pin1 is pressed for 2 seconds.
- B. Microbit reproduces 2 musical notes, if pin1 is pressed, forever.
- C. Microbit reproduces 4 musical notes, if pin1 is pressed.
- D. Microbit reproduces 2 musical notes , if pin2 is pressed,

10. Microbit gets as an input, sound levels from the environment and...

```

on start
  set μέγιστος ήχος to 0

forever
  if button A is pressed then
    show number μέγιστος ήχος
  else
    plot bar graph of sound level
    up to 255
    if sound level >= μέγιστος ήχος then
      set μέγιστος ήχος to sound level
  
```

- A. when variable "sound level" is equal to the maximum level of sound ,then show on microbit led screen , the average of sound level values
- B. when variable "sound level" is greater to the present level of sound (named as "max sound" or "μέγιστος ήχος") ,then show on led screen the maximum value of sound.
- C. when variable "sound level" is equal to the maximum level of sound ,then microbit reproduces a melody
- D. when variable "sound level" is equal to the minimum level of sound ,then show on led screen this value

